



# COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AIR QUALITY PROGRAM

#### STATE ONLY NATURAL MINOR OPERATING PERMIT

Issue Date: May 16, 2023 Effective Date: July 1, 2023

Expiration Date: June 30, 2028

In accordance with the provisions of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Act of January 8, 1960, P.L. 2119, as amended, and 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, the Owner, [and Operator if noted] (hereinafter referred to as permittee) identified below is authorized by the Department of Environmental Protection (Department) to operate the air emission source(s) more fully described in this permit. This Facility is subject to all terms and conditions specified in this permit. Nothing in this permit relieves the permittee from its obligations to comply with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws and regulations.

The regulatory or statutory authority for each permit condition is set forth in brackets. All terms and conditions in this permit are federally enforceable unless otherwise designated.

#### State Only Permit No: 07-03002

Natural Minor

Federal Tax Id - Plant Code: 26-2998228-27

Owner Information				
Name: VITRO FLAT GLASS				
Mailing Address: PO BOX 307				
TIPTON, PA 16684-0307				
Plant Information				
Plant: PGH GLASS WORKS LLC/WORKS 27 TIPTON				
Location: 07 Blair County	07906 Antis Township			
SIC Code: 3231 Manufacturing - Products Of Purchased O	Blass			
Resp	onsible Official			
Name: BRENNAN LOUPE				
Title: VALUE STREAM MANAGER				
Phone: (814) 684 - 2300	Email: bloupe@vitro.com			
Permit Contact Person				
Name: SEAN GRIFFITH				
Title: EHS MGR				
Phone: (814) 684 - 7050	Email: sgriffith@vitro.com			
[Signature]				
WILLIAM R. WEAVER, SOUTHCENTRAL REGION AIR PROGRAM MANAGER				





### 02 TOTT GLAGO WORKS ELO/WORKS

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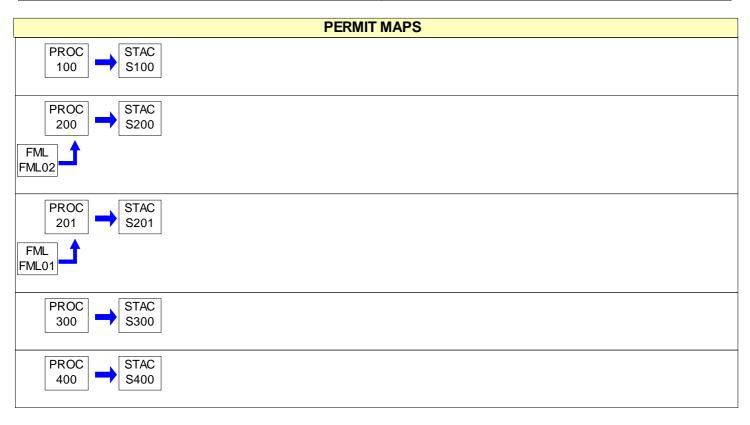
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## SECTION A. Site Inventory List

Source IE	Source Name	Capacity/	Throughput	Fuel/Material
100	SST - SCREEN PRINTING, BENDING AND TEMPERING			
200	175HP EMERGENCY ENGINE-GENERATOR, 73HP DIESEL PUMP, CI, 4Z	16.000	Gal/HR	ULSD
201	EMERGENCY GENERATOR, CUMMINS, 100 KW (153 HP), SI, 4J, 2022	1.100	MCF/HR	Natural Gas
300	PARTS WASHERS			
400	URETHANE BONDING LINES			
FML01	NATURAL GAS			
FML02	DIESEL FUEL			
S100	SST - EXHAUST POINTS			
S200	EMERGENCY GENERATOR/DIESEL PUMP EXHAUST			
S201	STACK, SOURCE 200 EXHAUST			
S300	PARTS WASHERS EXHAUST			
S400	BONDING LINE EXHAUST			







#001 [25 Pa. Code § 121.1]

07-03002

Definitions.

Words and terms that are not otherwise defined in this permit shall have the meanings set forth in Section 3 of the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. § 4003) and in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1.

#002 [25 Pa. Code § 127.446]

**Operating Permit Duration.** 

- (a) This operating permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years and shall expire on the date specified on Page 1 of this permit.
- (b) The terms and conditions of the expired permit shall automatically continue pending issuance of a new operating permit, provided the permittee has submitted a timely and complete application and paid applicable fees required under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I and the Department is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue or deny a new permit before the expiration of the previous permit.

#003 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.412, 127.413, 127.414, 127.446 & 127.703(b)]

#### Permit Renewal.

- (a) The permittee shall submit a timely and complete application for renewal of the operating permit to the appropriate Regional Air Program Manager. The application for renewal of the operating permit shall be submitted at least six (6) months and not more than 18 months before the expiration date of this permit.
- (b) The application for permit renewal shall include the current permit number, a description of any permit revisions that occurred during the permit term, and any applicable requirements that were promulgated and not incorporated into the permit during the permit term. An application is complete if it contains sufficient information to begin processing the application, has the applicable sections completed and has been signed by a responsible official.
- (c) The permittee shall submit with the renewal application a fee for the processing of the application as specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(b). The fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" and submitted with the fee form to the respective regional office.
- (d) The renewal application shall also include submission of proof that the local municipality and county, in which the facility is located, have been notified in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.413.
- (e) The application for renewal of the operating permit shall also include submission of supplemental compliance review forms in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 127.412(b) and § 127.412(j).
- (f) The permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information as necessary to address any requirements that become applicable to the source after the permittee submits a complete application, but prior to the date the Department takes action on the permit application.

#004 [25 Pa. Code § 127.703]

Operating Permit Fees under Subchapter I.

- (a) The permittee shall pay the annual operating permit maintenance fee according to the following fee schedule in either paragraph (1) or (2) in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(d) on or before December 31 of each year for the next calendar year.
  - (1) For a synthetic minor facility, a fee equal to:
    - (i) Four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for calendar years 2021—2025.
    - (ii) Five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for calendar years 2026—2030.
    - (iii) Six thousand three hundred dollars (\$6,300) for the calendar years beginning with 2031.





- (2) For a facility that is not a synthetic minor, a fee equal to:
  - (i) Two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for calendar years 2021—2025.
  - (ii) Two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for calendar years 2026—2030.
  - (iii) Three thousand one hundred dollars (\$3,100) for the calendar years beginning with 2031.
- (b) The applicable fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" with the permit number clearly indicated and submitted to the respective regional office.

### #005 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450 (a)(4) and 127.464]

#### **Transfer of Operating Permits.**

- (a) This operating permit may not be transferred to another person, except in cases of transfer-of-ownership that are documented and approved by the Department.
- (b) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)(4), a change in ownership of the source shall be treated as an administrative amendment if the Department determines that no other change in the permit is required and a written agreement has been submitted to the Department identifying the specific date of the transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and the new permittee and a compliance review form has been submitted to, and the permit transfer has been approved by, the Department.
- (c) This operating permit is valid only for those specific sources and the specific source locations described in this permit.

### #006 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441 and 35 P.S. § 4008]

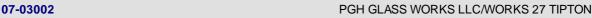
#### Inspection and Entry.

- (a) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow the Department or authorized representatives of the Department to perform the following:
- (1) Enter at reasonable times upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - (2) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (3) Inspect at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment including monitoring and air pollution control equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (4) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, any substances or parameters, for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements as authorized by the Clean Air Act, the Air Pollution Control Act, or the regulations promulgated under the Acts.
- (b) Pursuant to 35 P.S. § 4008, no person shall hinder, obstruct, prevent or interfere with the Department or its personnel in the performance of any duty authorized under the Air Pollution Control Act or regulations adopted thereunder including denying the Department access to a source at this facility. Refusal of entry or access may constitute grounds for permit revocation and assessment of criminal and/or civil penalties.
- (c) Nothing in this permit condition shall limit the ability of the EPA to inspect or enter the premises of the permittee in accordance with Section 114 or other applicable provisions of the Clean Air Act.

#### #007 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441 & 127.444]

#### Compliance Requirements.

(a) The permittee shall comply with the conditions of this operating permit. Noncompliance with this permit constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act and the Air Pollution Control Act and is grounds for one or more of the following:



- (1) Enforcement action
- (2) Permit termination, revocation and reissuance or modification
- (3) Denial of a permit renewal application
- (b) A person may not cause or permit the operation of a source which is subject to 25 Pa. Code Article III unless the source(s) and air cleaning devices identified in the application for the plan approval and operating permit and the plan approval issued for the source is operated and maintained in accordance with specifications in the applications and the conditions in the plan approval and operating permit issued by the Department. A person may not cause or permit the operation of an air contamination source subject to 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 in a manner inconsistent with good operating practices.
- (c) For purposes of Sub-condition (b) of this permit condition, the specifications in applications for plan approvals and operating permits are the physical configurations and engineering design details which the Department determines are essential for the permittee's compliance with the applicable requirements in this State-Only permit. Nothing in this sub-condition shall be construed to create an independent affirmative duty upon the permittee to obtain a predetermination from the Department for physical configuration or engineering design detail changes made by the permittee.

#008 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441]

Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense.

It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it was necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

#009 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.442(a) & 127.461]

**Duty to Provide Information.** 

- (a) The permittee shall submit reports to the Department containing information the Department may prescribe relative to the operation and maintenance of each source at the facility.
- (b) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, in writing, information that the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Department copies of records that the permittee is required to maintain in accordance with this permit.

#010 [25 Pa. Code § 127.461]

Revising an Operating Permit for Cause.

This operating permit may be terminated, modified, suspended or revoked and reissued if one or more of the following applies:

- (1) The permittee constructs or operates the source subject to the operating permit so that it is in violation of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder, a plan approval, a permit or in a manner that causes air pollution.
- (2) The permittee fails to properly or adequately maintain or repair an air pollution control device or equipment attached to or otherwise made a part of the source.
- (3) The permittee has failed to submit a report required by the operating permit or an applicable regulation.
- (4) The EPA determines that the permit is not in compliance with the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder.

#011 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450, 127.462, 127.465 & 127.703]

**Operating Permit Modifications** 

(a) The permittee is authorized to make administrative amendments, minor operating permit modifications and significant operating permit modifications, under this permit, as outlined below:



- (b) Administrative Amendments. The permittee shall submit the application for administrative operating permit amendments (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)), according to procedures specified in § 127.450 unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or its regulations.
- (c) Minor Operating Permit Modifications. The permittee shall submit the application for minor operating permit modifications (as defined 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.462.
- (d) Significant Operating Permit Modifications. The permittee shall submit the application for significant operating permit modifications in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.465.
- (e) The applicable fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" with the permit number clearly indicated and submitted to the respective regional office.

### #012 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441]

Severability Clause.

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, such a determination will not affect the remaining provisions of this permit.

#### #013 [25 Pa. Code § 127.449]

De Minimis Emission Increases.

- (a) This permit authorizes de minimis emission increases in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.449 so long as the permittee provides the Department with seven (7) days prior written notice before commencing any de minimis emissions increase. The written notice shall:
  - (1) Identify and describe the pollutants that will be emitted as a result of the de minimis emissions increase.
- (2) Provide emission rates expressed in tons per year and in terms necessary to establish compliance consistent with any applicable requirement.
- (b) The Department may disapprove or condition de minimis emission increases at any time.
- (c) Except as provided below in (d), the permittee is authorized to make de minimis emission increases (expressed in tons per year) up to the following amounts without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification:
- (1) Four tons of carbon monoxide from a single source during the term of the permit and 20 tons of carbon monoxide at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (2) One ton of NOx from a single source during the term of the permit and 5 tons of NOx at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (3) One and six-tenths tons of the oxides of sulfur from a single source during the term of the permit and 8.0 tons of oxides of sulfur at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (4) Six-tenths of a ton of PM10 from a single source during the term of the permit and 3.0 tons of PM10 at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
- (5) One ton of VOCs from a single source during the term of the permit and 5.0 tons of VOCs at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
  - (6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.
- (d) In accordance with § 127.14, the permittee is authorized to install the following minor sources without the need for a plan approval or permit modification:



- (1) Air conditioning or ventilation systems not designed to remove pollutants generated or released from other sources.
  - (2) Combustion units rated at 2,500,000 or less Btu per hour of heat input.
- (3) Combustion units with a rated capacity of less than 10,000,000 Btu per hour heat input fueled by natural gas supplied by a public utility or by commercial fuel oils which are No. 2 or lighter, viscosity less than or equal to 5.82 c St, and which meet the sulfur content requirements of 25 Pa. Code §123.22 (relating to combustion units). For purposes of this permit, commercial fuel oil shall be virgin oil which has no reprocessed, recycled or waste material added.
  - (4) Space heaters which heat by direct heat transfer.
  - (5) Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis.
  - (6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.
- (e) This permit does not authorize de minimis emission increases if the emissions increase would cause one or more of the following:
- (1) Increase the emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act except as authorized in Subparagraphs (c)(4) and (5) of this permit condition.
- (2) Subject the facility to the prevention of significant deterioration requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter D and/or the new source review requirements in Subchapter E.
- (3) Violate any applicable requirement of this permit, the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, or the regulations promulgated under either of the acts.
- (f) Emissions authorized under this permit condition shall be included in the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of this permit.
- (g) Except for de minimis emission increases, installation of minor sources made pursuant to this permit condition and Plan Approval Exemptions under 25 Pa. Code § 127.14 (relating to exemptions), the permittee is prohibited from making changes or engaging in activities that are not specifically authorized under this permit without first applying for a plan approval. In accordance with § 127.14(b), a plan approval is not required for the construction, modification, reactivation, or installation of the sources creating the de minimis emissions increase.
- (h) The permittee may not meet de minimis emission threshold levels by offsetting emission increases or decreases at the same source.

#### #014 [25 Pa. Code § 127.3]

### Operational Flexibility.

The permittee is authorized to make changes within the facility in accordance with the regulatory provisions outlined in 25 Pa. Code § 127.3 (relating to operational flexibility) to implement the operational flexibility requirements provisions authorized under Section 6.1(i) of the Air Pollution Control Act and the operational flexibility terms and conditions of this permit. The provisions in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 which implement the operational flexibility requirements include the following:

- (1) Section 127.14 (relating to exemptions)
- (2) Section 127.447 (relating to alternative operating scenarios)
- (3) Section 127.448 (relating to emissions trading at facilities with Federally enforceable emissions caps)
- (4) Section 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases)
- (5) Section 127.450 (relating to administrative operating permit amendments)







- (6) Section 127.462 (relating to minor operating permit modifications)
- (7) Subchapter H (relating to general plan approvals and general operating permits)

#### #015 [25 Pa. Code § 127.11]

#### Reactivation

- (a) The permittee may not reactivate a source that has been out of operation or production for at least one year unless the reactivation is conducted in accordance with a plan approval granted by the Department or in accordance with reactivation and maintenance plans developed and approved by the Department in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(a).
- (b) A source which has been out of operation or production for more than five (5) years but less than 10 years may be reactivated and will not be considered a new source if the permittee satisfies the conditions specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(b).

#### #016 [25 Pa. Code § 127.36]

Health Risk-based Emission Standards and Operating Practice Requirements.

- (a) When needed to protect public health, welfare and the environment from emissions of hazardous air pollutants from new and existing sources, the permittee shall comply with the health risk-based emission standards or operating practice requirements imposed by the Department, except as precluded by §§ 6.6(d)(2) and (3) of the Air Pollution Control Act [35 P.S. § 4006.6(d)(2) and (3)].
- (b) A person challenging a performance or emission standard established by the Department has the burden to demonstrate that performance or emission standard does not meet the requirements of Section 112 of the Clean Air Act.

#### #017 [25 Pa. Code § 121.9]

#### Circumvention.

No person may permit the use of a device, stack height which exceeds good engineering practice stack height, dispersion technique or other technique which, without resulting in reduction of the total amount of air contaminants emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission of air contaminants which would otherwise be in violation of 25 Pa. Code Article III, except that with prior approval of the Department, the device or technique may be used for control of malodors.

#### #018 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.402(d) & 127.442]

#### Reporting Requirements.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the applicable reporting requirements of the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder, the Air Pollution Control Act and 25 Pa. Code Article III including Chapters 127, 135 and 139.
- (b) The permittee shall submit reports to the Department containing information the Department may prescribe relative to the operation and maintenance of any air contamination source.
- (c) Reports, test data, monitoring data, notifications and requests for renewal of the permit shall be submitted to the:

Regional Air Program Manager
PA Department of Environmental Protection
(At the address given in the permit transmittal letter, or otherwise notified)

- (d) Any records or information including applications, forms, or reports submitted pursuant to this permit condition shall contain a certification by a responsible official as to truth, accuracy and completeness. The certifications submitted under this permit shall require a responsible official of the facility to certify that based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the documents are true, accurate and complete.
- (e) Any records, reports or information submitted to the Department shall be available to the public except for such





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#### **SECTION B.** General State Only Requirements

records, reports or information which meet the confidentiality requirements of § 4013.2 of the Air Pollution Control Act and §§ 112(d) and 114(c) of the Clean Air Act. The permittee may not request a claim of confidentiality for any emissions data generated for the facility.

#### #019 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) & 135.5]

Sampling, Testing and Monitoring Procedures.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the monitoring, recordkeeping or reporting requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139 and the other applicable requirements of 25 Pa. Code Article III and additional requirements related to monitoring, reporting and recordkeeping required by the Clean Air Act and the regulations thereunder including the Compliance Assurance Monitoring requirements of 40 CFR Part 64, where applicable.
- (b) Unless alternative methodology is required by the Clean Air Act and regulations adopted thereunder, sampling, testing and monitoring required by or used by the permittee to demonstrate compliance with any applicable regulation or permit condition shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139.

#### #020 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) and 135.5]

#### Recordkeeping.

- (a) The permittee shall maintain and make available, upon request by the Department, the following records of monitored information:
  - (1) The date, place (as defined in the permit) and time of sampling or measurements.
  - (2) The dates the analyses were performed.
  - (3) The company or entity that performed the analyses.
  - (4) The analytical techniques or methods used.
  - (5) The results of the analyses.
  - (6) The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- (b) The permittee shall retain records of any required monitoring data and supporting information for at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring, sample, measurement, report or application. Supporting information includes the calibration data and maintenance records and original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of reports required by the permit.
- (c) The permittee shall maintain and make available to the Department upon request, records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with the reporting, recordkeeping and emission statement requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135 (relating to reporting of sources). In accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135, § 135.5, such records may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions.

#### #021 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441(a)]

**Property Rights.** 

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges.

#022 [25 Pa. Code § 127.447]

**Alternative Operating Scenarios.** 

The permittee is authorized to make changes at the facility to implement alternative operating scenarios identified in this permit in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.447.





#023 [25 Pa. Code §135.3]

Reporting

- (a) If the facility is a Synthetic Minor Facility, the permittee shall submit by March 1 of each year an annual emissions report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall include information for all active previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the preceding calendar year, and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported. All air emissions from the facility should be estimated and reported.
- (b) A source owner or operator of a Synthetic Minor Facility may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of an annual emissions report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

#024 [25 Pa. Code §135.4]

**Report Format** 

If applicable, the emissions reports shall contain sufficient information to enable the Department to complete its emission inventory. Emissions reports shall be made by the source owner or operator in a format specified by the Department.





#### **SECTION C. Site Level Requirements**

#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

#### Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

- (a) The permittee shall not allow the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of a fugitive air contaminant from a source other than the following:
- (1) Construction or demolition of buildings or structures.
- (2) Grading, paving, and maintenance of roads and streets.
- (3) Use of roads and streets. Emissions from material in or on trucks, railroad cars, and other vehicular equipment are not considered as emissions from the use of roads and streets.
- (4) Clearing of land.
- (5) Stockpiling of materials.
- (6) Sources and classes of sources other than those identified in (a)(1)-(a)(5), above, for which the operator has obtained a determination from the Department that fugitive emissions from the source, after appropriate control, meet the following requirements:
  - (i) The emissions are of minor significance with respect to causing air pollution; and
- (ii) The emissions are not preventing or interfering with the attainment or maintenance of any ambient air quality standard.

#### # 002 [25 Pa. Code §123.2]

#### **Fugitive particulate matter**

The permittee shall not allow the emission of fugitive particulate matter into the outdoor atmosphere from a source specified in Section C. Condition #001, if the emissions are visible at the point the emissions pass outside the permittee's property.

#### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §123.31]

#### Limitations

The permittee shall not allow the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of any malodorous air contaminants from any source in such a manner that the malodors are detectable outside the permittee's property.

#### # 004 [25 Pa. Code §123.41]

#### Limitations

The permittee shall not allow the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of visible air contaminants in such a manner that the opacity of the emission is either of the following:

- (1) Equal to or greater than 20% for a period or periods aggregating more than three (3) minutes in any one hour.
- (2) Equal to or greater than 60% at any time.

#### # 005 [25 Pa. Code §123.42]

#### **Exceptions**

The emission limitation of 25 Pa. Code Section 123.41, shall not apply when:

- (1) The presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure of the emission to meet the limitations.
- (2) The emission results from the operation of equipment used solely to train and test persons in observing the opacity of visible emissions.
- (3) The emission results from sources specified in Section C, Condition #001, subsections (a)(1)-(a)(6).





#### SECTION C. **Site Level Requirements**

#### # 006 [25 Pa. Code §129.14]

#### **Open burning operations**

The permittee shall not allow the open burning of material on the permittee's property except when the open burning operations result from:

- (1) A fire set to prevent or abate a fire hazard, when approved by the Department and set by or under the supervision of a public officer.
- (2) A fire set for the purpose of instructing personnel in fire fighting, when approved by the Department.
- (3) A fire set for the prevention and control of disease or pests, when approved by the Department.
- (4) A fire set solely for recreational or ceremonial purposes.
- (5) A fire set solely for cooking food.

#### TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 007 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The Department reserves the right to require exhaust stack testing of the sources referenced in this permit to measure emissions for purposes including verification of permit condition compliance and estimation of annual air emissions.

#### # 008 [25 Pa. Code §139.1]

#### Sampling facilities.

Upon the request of the Department, the permittee shall provide adequate sampling ports, safe sampling platforms and adequate utilities for the performance by the Department of tests on such sources. In the request, the Department will set forth the time period in which the facilities shall be provided as well as the specifications for such facilities.

#### # 009 [25 Pa. Code §139.11]

#### General requirements.

- (a) As specified in 25 Pa. Code Section 139.11(1), performance tests shall be conducted while the source is operating at maximum routine operating conditions or under such other conditions, within the capacity of the equipment, as may be requested by the Department.
- (b) As specified in 25 Pa. Code Section 139.11(2), the Department will consider test results for approval where sufficient information is provided to verify the source conditions existing at the time of the test and where adequate data is available to show the manner in which the test was conducted. Information submitted to the Department shall include, at a minimum, all of the following:
- (1) A thorough source description, including a description of any air cleaning devices and the flue.
- (2) Process conditions, for example, the throughput rate of fuel, and other conditions which may affect emissions from the process.
- (3) The location of the sampling ports.
- (4) Effluent characteristics, including velocity, temperature, moisture content, gas density (percentage CO, CO2, O2, and N2), static and barometric pressures.
- (5) Sample collection techniques employed, including procedures used, equipment descriptions, and data to verify that isokinetic sampling for particulate matter collection occurred and that acceptable test conditions were met.
- (6) Laboratory procedures and results.
- (7) Calculated results.





#### SECTION C. **Site Level Requirements**

#### Ш MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 010 [25 Pa. Code §123.43]

#### Measuring techniques

Visible emissions may be measured using either of the following:

- (1) A device approved by the Department and maintained to provide accurate opacity measurements.
- (2) Observers, trained and qualified to measure plume opacity with the naked eye or with the aid of any device(s) approved by the Department.

### [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall conduct a monthly inspection around the facility periphery during daylight hours when the source is in operation to detect visible emissions, fugitive emissions, and malodorous air contaminants. Monthly inspections are necessary to determine:

- (a) The presence of visible emissions. Visible emissions may be measured according to the methods specified in Section C, Condition #010. Alternately, personnel who observe visible emissions may report the incident of visible emissions to the Department within two (2) hours of the incident and make arrangements for a certified observer to measure the visible emissions.
- (b) The presence of fugitive emission beyond the property boundaries, as stated in Section C, Condition #002.
- (c) The presence of odorous air contaminants beyond the property boundaries, as stated in Section C, Condition #003.

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 012 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall maintain records of monthly inspections referenced in Section C, Condition #011. The records shall include, at a minimum, the following information:

- (1) The name of the company representative monitoring each instances.
- (2) A description of the emissions and/or malodors observed, and actions taken to mitigate them.
- (3) The date and time of each observation.
- (4) The wind direction during each observation.

#### # 013 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

All records required by this operating permit and subsequent issuances shall be maintained for the most recent five-year period and made available to Department representatives upon request.

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 014 [25 Pa. Code §127.442]

#### Reporting requirements.

The permittee shall report malfunctions which occur at the facility to the Department. As defined in 40 CFR Section 60.2 and incorporated by reference in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 122, a malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, and not reasonably preventable failure of air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or a process to operate in a normal or unusual manner. Failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions. Malfunctions shall be reported as follows:

(1) Malfunctions which pose an imminent danger to public health, safety, welfare and the environment, shall be immediately reported to the Department by telephone. Telephone reports can be made to the Air Quality Program at 717-705-4702 or to Altoona District office at 814-946-7290 during normal business hours, or to the Department's Emergency Hotline 1800-541-2050 at any time. The Emergency Hotline phone number is changed/updated periodically. The current Emergency Hotline phone number can be found at

https://www.dep.pa.gov/About/Regional/SouthcentralRegion/Pages/default.aspx. The permittee shall submit a written report of instances of such malfunctions to the Department within three (3) days of the telephone report.





#### **SECTION C.** Site Level Requirements

(2) Unless otherwise required by this permit, any other malfunction that is not subject to the reporting requirements of paragraph (a) above, shall be reported to the Department, in writing, within five (5) days of discovery of the malfunction.

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 015 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

#### Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

The permittee shall take all reasonable actions to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne from any source specified in Section C, Condition #001(a)(1)-(a)(6). These actions shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (1) Use, where possible, of water or chemicals for control of dust in the demolition of buildings or structures, construction operations, the grading of roads, or the clearing of land.
- (2) Application of asphalt, oil, water, or suitable chemicals on dirt roads, material stockpiles, and other surfaces, which may give rise to airborne dusts.
- (3) Paving and maintenance of roadways.
- (4) Prompt removal of earth or other material from paved streets onto which earth or other material has been transported by trucking or earth moving equipment, erosion by water, or other means.

#### # 016 [25 Pa. Code §127.444]

#### Compliance requirements.

The permittee shall operate and maintain all sources and any air cleaning devices identified in this operating permit in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations/specifications, as well as in a manner consistent with good operating practices.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VIII. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION.

No additional compliance certifications exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (relating to State Only General Requirements).

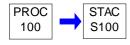
#### IX. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE.

No compliance milestones exist.



Source ID: 100 Source Name: SST - SCREEN PRINTING, BENDING AND TEMPERING

Source Capacity/Throughput:



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

### **Emission Restriction(s).**

### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

#### **Processes**

The permittee shall limit the emissions of particulate matter to the outdoor atmosphere from the source in a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas does not exceed 0.04 grain per dry standard cubic foot.

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

#### **General**

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from a source in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).



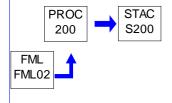




Source ID: 200 Source Name: 175HP EMERGENCY ENGINE-GENERATOR, 73HP DIESEL PUMP, CI, 4Z

Source Capacity/Throughput: 16.000 Gal/HR ULSD

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 001



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

#### **Processes**

The permittee shall limit the emissions of particulate matter to the outdoor atmosphere from the source in a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas does not exceed 0.04 grain per dry standard cubic foot.

#### # 002 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

#### **General**

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from a source in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §123.22]

#### **Combustion units**

- (a)(i) Maximum allowable sulfur content expresssed as parts per million (ppm) by weight or percentage (%) by weight: No. 2 or lighter oil: 15 ppm (0.0015 %) Begining September 1, 2020.
- (a)(ii) Commercial fuel oil that was stored at the facility prior to 9/1/20, which met the allowable sulfur content through 8/31/20 may be used by the facility.

### Operation Hours Restriction(s).

#### # 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall limit the operation of the generator and diesel pump to 500 hours each during any consecutive 12-month period.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).







#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall record monthly the hours of operation and fuel fired.

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 006 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall operate and maintain the generator and diesel pump in accordance with the specifications of the manufacturer or others approved by the Department.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



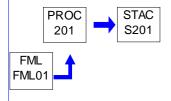




Source ID: 201 Source Name: EMERGENCY GENERATOR, CUMMINS, 100 KW (153 HP), SI, 4J, 2022

Source Capacity/Throughput: 1.100 MCF/HR Natural Gas

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 002



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

#### **Processes**

The permittee shall limit the emissions of particulate matter to the outdoor atmosphere from Source 201 in a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas does not exceed 0.04 grain per dry standard cubic foot.

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

#### **General**

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from Source 201 in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

# 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall limit the operation of Source 201 to 500 hours during any consecutive 12-month.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall monitor and record the Source 201 operating hours based on the engine hour meter, and as per NSPS Subpart JJJJ referenced in Section E, Section 60.4237(b).
- (b) Submit the engine operating hours to DEP's representative upon request.

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





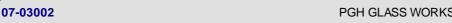


#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

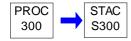


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#### **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 300 Source Name: PARTS WASHERS

Source Capacity/Throughput:



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### Control Device Efficiency Restriction(s).

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §129.63]

Degreasing operations

The permittee shall maintain a freeboard ratio of 0.50 or greater on the immersion cold cleaner.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §129.63]

#### **Degreasing operations**

The permittee shall maintain the following records in the form of an invoice, bill of sale, certification that corresponds to a number of sales, Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS), or other appropriate documentation acceptable to the Department:

- (a) The name and address of the solvent supplier.
- (b) The type of solvent including the product or identification number.
- (c) The true pressure of the solvent measured in mm Hg at 20°C (68°F).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 003 [25 Pa. Code §129.63]

**Degreasing operations** 

The permittee shall have a permanent, conspicuous label summarizing the operating requirements in Conditions #004 & #006, for this source.

# 004 [25 Pa. Code §129.63]

**Degreasing operations** 

The permittee shall include the following discretionary good operating practices:

(a) Cleaned parts should be drained at least 15 seconds or until dripping ceases, whichever is longer. Parts having cavities or blind holes shall be tipped or rotated while the part is draining. During the draining, tipping or rotating, the parts







should be positioned so that solvent drains directly back to the cold cleaning machine.

- (b) When a pump-agitated bath is used, the agitator should be operated to produce a rolling motion of the solvent with no observable splashing of the solvent against the tank walls or the parts being cleaned.
- (c) Work area fans should be located and positioned so that they do not blow across the opening of the cleaning machine.

#### # 005 [25 Pa. Code §129.63]

#### **Degreasing operations**

The permittee shall maintain a cover that shall be closed at all times except during cleaning of parts or the addition or removal of solvent. If the cleaner is a remote reservoir cold cleaning machine, which drains directly into the solvent storage reservoir, a perforated drain with a diameter of not more than 6 inches shall constitute an acceptable cover.

#### # 006 [25 Pa. Code §129.63]

#### **Degreasing operations**

The permittee shall operate the machine in accordance with the following procedures:

- (a) Waste solvent shall be collected and stored in closed containers. The closed containers may contain a device that allows pressure relief, but does not allow liquid solvent to drain from the container.
- (b) Flushing of parts using a flexible hose or flushing device shall be performed only within the cold cleaning machine. The flushing device shall be a solid fluid stream, not an atomized or shower spray.
- (c) Sponges, fabric, wood, leather, paper products and other absorbent materials may not be cleaned in the cold cleaning machine.
- (d) Air agitated solvent baths may not be used.
- (e) Spills during solvent transfer and use of the cold cleaning machine shall be cleaned up immediately.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 007 [25 Pa. Code §129.63]

#### **Degreasing operations**

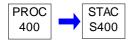
The permittee may not use in the cold cleaning machine any solvent with a vapor pressure of 1.0 millimeter of mercury (mm Hg) or greater and containing greater than 5 percent VOC by weight, measured at 20°C (68°F) containing VOCs.

DEP Auth ID: 1420276



Source ID: 400 Source Name: URETHANE BONDING LINES

Source Capacity/Throughput:



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

### **Emission Restriction(s).**

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §129.77.]

Control of emissions from the use or application of adhesives, sealants, primers and solvents.

- (a) This section applies to the owner or operator of a facility that uses or applies one or more of the following at the facility on or after January 1, 2012:
- (1) An adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer subject to the VOC content limits in Table V.
- (2) An adhesive or sealant product applied to the listed substrate subject to the VOC content limits in Table VI.
- (3) A surface preparation solvent or cleanup solvent.
- (b) On or after January 1, 2012, an owner or operator of a facility may not use or apply at the facility an adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer that exceeds the applicable VOC content limit in Table V or VI, except as provided elsewhere in this section.
- (c) On or after January 1, 2012, an owner or operator of a facility may not use or apply at the facility a surface preparation or cleanup solvent that exceeds the applicable VOC content limit or composite partial vapor pressure requirements of this section, except as provided elsewhere in this section.
- (d) The VOC content limits in Table VI for adhesives or sealants applied to particular substrates apply as follows:
- (1) If an owner or operator of a facility uses or applies at the facility an adhesive or sealant subject to a specific VOC content limit in Table V, the specific limit is applicable rather than the adhesive-to-substrate limit in Table VI.
- (2) If an owner or operator of a facility uses or applies at the facility an adhesive to bond dissimilar substrates together, the applicable substrate category with the highest VOC content limit is the limit for this use.
- (e) An owner or operator of a facility subject to this section using or applying a surface preparation solvent or cleanup solvent at the facility may not:
- (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) for single-ply roof membrane, use materials containing VOCs for surface preparation, unless the VOC content of the surface preparation solvent is less than 70 grams per liter of material or 0.6 pound of VOC per gallon of material.
- (2) [N/A THE FACILITY DOES NOT APPLY SINGLE-PLY ROOF MEMBRANE]
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (f), use cleanup solvent materials containing VOCs for the removal of adhesives, sealants, adhesive primers or sealant primers from surfaces, other than from the parts of spray application equipment, unless the composite partial vapor pressure of the solvent is less than or equal to 45 mm mercury at 20° C.
- (f) Removal of an adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer from the parts of spray application equipment shall be performed by one or more of the following methods:
- (1) Using an enclosed cleaning system, or an equivalent cleaning system as determined by the test method identified in subsection (z).





- (2) Using a solvent with a VOC content less than or equal to 70 grams of VOC per liter of material or 0.6 pound of VOC per gallon of material.
- (3) Soaking parts containing dried adhesive in a solvent if the composite partial vapor pressure of the solvent, excluding water and exempt compounds, is less than or equal to 9.5 mm mercury at 20° C and the parts and solvent are in a closed container that remains closed except when adding parts to or removing parts from the container.
- (g) [N/A THE FACILITY DOES NOT USE ADD-ON AIR POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION]
- (h) An owner or operator of a facility subject to this section shall store or dispose of all absorbent materials, including cloth or paper, which are moistened with adhesives, sealants, primers, surface preparation solvents or cleanup solvents subject to this section, in nonabsorbent containers at the facility that are kept closed except when placing materials in or removing materials from the container.
- (i) An owner or operator of a facility subject to this section may not solicit, require or specify the use or application of an adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer, sealant primer, surface preparation solvent or cleanup solvent if the use or application would result in a violation of this section, unless the emissions are controlled through the use of add-on air pollution control equipment as specified in subsection (g). The prohibition of this subsection applies to all written or oral contracts created on or after January 1, 2012, under which an adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer, sealant primer, surface preparation solvent or cleanup solvent subject to this section is to be used or applied at a facility in this Commonwealth.
- (j) An owner or operator of a facility subject to this section who uses or applies an adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer subject to this section may not add solvent to the adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer in an amount in excess of the manufacturer's recommendation for application, if this addition causes the adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer to exceed the applicable VOC content limit listed in Table V or VI, unless the emissions are controlled through the use of add-on air pollution control equipment as specified in subsection (g).
- (k) This section does not apply to the use or application of the following compounds or products:
- (1) [N/A THE ADHESIVES, SEALANTS, ADHESIVE PRIMERS OR SEALANT PRIMERS ARE NOT BEING TESTED OR EVALUATED IN A RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LAB].
- (2) [N/A THE ADHESIVES, SEALANTS, ADHESIVE PRIMERS OR SEALANT PRIMERS ARE NOT SUBJECT TO 25 PA CODE §129.73]
- (3) Adhesives and sealants that contain less than 20 grams of VOC per liter of adhesive or sealant, less water and less exempt compounds, as applied.
- (4) [N/A THE FACILITY DOES NOT USE CYANOACRYLATE ADHESIVES]
- (5) Adhesives, sealants, adhesive primers or sealant primers that are sold or supplied by the manufacturer or supplier in containers with a net volume of 16 fluid ounces or less, or a net weight of 1 pound or less, except plastic cement welding adhesives and contact adhesives.
- (6) Contact adhesives that are sold or supplied by the manufacturer or supplier in containers with a net volume of 1 gallon or less.
- (I) This section does not apply to the use of adhesives, sealants, adhesive primers, sealant primers, surface preparation solvents or cleanup solvents in the following operations:
- (1) Tire repair operations, if the label of the adhesive states, "For tire repair only."
- (2) [N/A THE FACILIITY DOES NOT ASSEMBLY, REPAIR AND MANUFACTURE AEROSPACE COMPONENTS OR UNDERSEA -BASED WEAPONS SYSTEMS]





- (3) [N/A THE FACILITY DOES NOT MANUFACTURE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT]
- (4) [N/A THE FACILITY DOES NOT PERFORM PLAQUE LAMINATING OPERATIONS]
- (m) [N/A THE FACILITY USES MORE THAN 200 POUNDS PER CALENDAR YEAR OF ALL ADHESIVES, SEALANTS, ADHESIVE PRIMERS AND SEALANT PRIMERS]
- (n) This section does not apply to the use or application of a noncomplying adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer, sealant primer, surface preparation solvent or cleanup solvent if the total volume of noncomplying adhesives, sealants, primers, surface preparation and cleanup solvents used or applied facility-wide does not exceed 55 gallons per calendar year. An owner or operator of a facility claiming exemption under this subsection shall record and maintain operational records sufficient to demonstrate compliance with this exemption, in accordance with subsections (o)-(q).
- (o) Except as provided in subsection (p), each owner or operator subject to this section shall maintain records demonstrating compliance with this section, including the following information:
- (1) A list of each adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer, sealant primer, surface preparation solvent and cleanup solvent product in use and in storage.
- (2) A data sheet or material list which provides the product name, manufacturer identification and use or material application for each product included on the list required under paragraph (1).
- (3) The VOC content of each product on the list required under paragraph (1), as supplied.
- (4) Catalysts, reducers or other components used and the mix ratio.
- (5) The VOC content or vapor pressure of each product on the list required by paragraph (1), as applied, if solvent or other VOC is added to the product before application.
- (6) The volume purchased or produced of each product on the list required under paragraph (1).
- (7) The monthly volume used or applied as part of a manufacturing process at the facility of each product on the list required under paragraph (1).
- (p) [N/A THE FACILITY IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE LABORATORY TESTING EXEMPTION]
- (q) Records made to determine compliance with this section shall be:
- (1) Maintained onsite for 5 years from the date the record is created.
- (2) Made available to the Department upon receipt of a written request.
- (r) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the VOC and solids content of nonaerosol adhesives (including one-part moisture cure urethane adhesives and silicone adhesives), sealants, adhesive primers, sealant primers, surface preparation solvents and cleanup solvents shall be determined using one of the following:
- (1) EPA Reference Method 24, Determination of Volatile Matter Content, Water Content, Density, Volume Solids, and Weight Solids of Surface Coatings, found at 40 CFR 60, Subpart D, Appendix A, including updates and revisions.
- (2) SCAQMD Method 304, Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in Various Materials, SCAQMD, 21865 Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765 USA, including updates and revisions.
- (s) The weight volatile matter content and weight solids content for one-part or multiple part reactive adhesives, except one-part moisture cure urethane adhesives and silicone adhesives, shall be determined using the EPA Reference Method, Determination of Weight Volatile Matter Content and Weight Solids Content of Reactive Adhesives, found at 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPPP, Appendix A, including updates and revisions.



- (t) The identity and concentration of exempt organic compounds shall be determined using one of the following:
- (1) ASTM D4457, Standard Test Method for Determination of Dichloromethane and 1,1,1-Trichloroethane in Paints and Coatings by Direct Injection into a Gas Chromatograph, ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P. O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959 USA including updates and revisions.
- (2) SCAQMD Method 303, Determination of Exempt Compounds, SCAQMD, 21865 Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765 USA, including updates and revisions.
- (u) The VOC content of a plastic cement welding adhesive or primer shall be determined using SCAQMD Method 316A, Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in Materials Used for Pipes and Fittings, SCAQMD, 21865 Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765 USA, including updates and revisions.
- (v) To determine if a diluent is a reactive diluent, the percentage of the reactive organic compound that becomes an integral part of the finished material shall be determined using SCAQMD Method 316A, Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in Materials Used for Pipes and Fittings, SCAQMD, 21865 Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765 USA, including updates and revisions.
- (w) The composite partial vapor pressure of organic compounds in cleaning materials shall be determined by the following procedure:
- (1) Quantifying the amount of each compound in the blend using gas chromatographic analysis, using the following methods:
- (i) ASTM E260, Standard Practice for Packed Column Gas Chromatography, ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P. O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959 USA, for organic content, including updates and revisions.
- (ii) ASTM D3792, Standard Test Method for Water Content of Coatings by Direct Injection Into a Gas Chromatograph, ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P. O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959 USA, for water content, including updates and revisions.
- (2) Calculating the composite partial vapor pressure using the following equation:

PPc = [SUM(i = 1 to n) (Wi)(VPi)/MWi]/[(Ww/Mww) + SUM(e = 1 to k) (We/MWe) + SUM(i = 1 to n) (Wi/MWi)]

Where:

PPc = VOC composite partial vapor pressure at 20° C, in mm mercury.

Wi = Weight of the "i"th VOC compound, in grams, as determined by ASTM E260.

Ww = Weight of water, in grams, as determined by ASTM D3792.

We = Weight of the "e"th exempt compound, in grams, as determined by ASTM E260.

MWi = Molecular weight of the "i"th VOC compound, in grams per g-mole, as given in chemical reference literature.

MWw = Molecular weight of water, in grams per g-mole (18 grams per g-mole).

MWe = Molecular weight of the "e"th exempt compound, in grams per g-mole, as given in chemical reference literature.

VPi = Vapor pressure of the "i"th VOC compound at 20° C, in mm mercury, as determined by subsection (x).

- (x) The vapor pressure of each single component compound shall be determined from one or more of the following:
- (1) ASTM D2879, Standard Test Method for Vapor Pressure-Temperature Relationship and Initial Decomposition



Temperature of Liquids by Isoteniscope, ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P. O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959 USA, including updates and revisions.

- (2) The most recent edition of one or more of the following sources:
  - (i) Vapour Pressures of Pure Substances, Boublik, Elsevier Scientific Publishing Company, New York.
  - (ii) Perry's Chemical Engineers' Handbook, Green and Perry, McGraw-Hill Book Company.
  - (iii) CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics, CRC Press.
  - (iv) Lange's Handbook of Chemistry, McGraw-Hill Book Company.
- (v) Additional sources approved by the SCAQMD or other California air districts.
- (y) [N/A THE FACILITY DOES NOT USE AIR POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS]
- (z) The active and passive solvent losses from the use of an enclosed spray gun cleaning system or equivalent cleaning system, as listed in subsection (f)(1), shall be determined using the SCAQMD method, General Test Method for Determining Solvent Losses from Spray Gun Cleaning Systems, dated October 3, 1989, SCAQMD, 21865 Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, CA 91765 USA, including updates and revisions.
- (1) The test solvent for this determination shall be a lacquer thinner with a minimum vapor pressure of 105 mm of mercury at 20° C.
- (2) The minimum test temperature shall be 15° C.
- (aa) Another test method may be used to determine the VOC or solids content of a product if the request for approval of the test method meets the following requirements:
- (1) The request is submitted to the Department in writing.
- (2) The request demonstrates that the test method provides results that accurately determine the concentration of VOCs in the product or its emissions.
- (3) The Department approves the request in writing.
- (bb) For adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer products that do not contain reactive diluents, grams of VOC per liter of product thinned to the manufacturer's recommendation, less water and exempt compounds, shall be calculated according to the following equation:

Grams of VOC per liter of product, as applied = (Ws - Ww - We)/(Vm - Vw - Ve)

Where:

Ws = weight of volatile compounds, in grams.

Ww = weight of water, in grams.

We = weight of exempt compounds, in grams.

Vm = volume of material, in liters.

Vw = volume of water, in liters.

Ve = volume of exempt compounds, in liters.

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#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

(cc) For adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer products that contain reactive diluents, the VOC content of the product is determined after curing. The grams of VOC per liter of product thinned to the manufacturer's recommendation, less water and exempt compounds, shall be calculated according to the following equation:

Grams of VOC per liter of product, as applied = (Wrs - Wrw - Wre)/(Vrm - Vrw - Vre)

Where:

Wrs = weight of volatile compounds not consumed during curing, in grams.

Wrw = weight of water not consumed during curing, in grams.

Wre = weight of exempt compounds not consumed during curing, in grams.

Vrm = volume of material not consumed during curing, in liters.

Vrw = volume of water not consumed during curing, in liters.

Vre = volume of exempt compounds not consumed during curing, in liters.

(dd) For low-solids adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer products, grams of VOC per liter of product thinned to the manufacturer's recommendation, including the volume of water and exempt compounds, shall be calculated according to the following equation:

Grams of VOC per liter of product, as applied = (Ws - Ww - We)/Vm

Where:

Ws = weight of volatile compounds, in grams.

Ww = weight of water, in grams.

We = weight of exempt compounds, in grams.

Vm = volume of material, in liters.

(ee) Percent VOC by weight shall be calculated according to the following equation:

% VOC by weight =  $[(Wv/W)] \times 100$ 

Where:

Wv = weight of VOCs, in grams.

W = weight of material, in grams.

(ff) To convert from grams per liter (g/l) to pounds per gallon (lb/gal), multiply the result (VOC content) by 8.345 x 10^3 (lb/gal/g/l).

Table V. VOC Content Limits for Adhesives, Sealants, Adhesive Primers and Sealant Primers, As Applied

NOTE: TABLE ANNOTATED FOR FACILITY

Adhesive, sealant, adhesive primer or sealant primer category

FIRST NUMBER: VOC content limit (pounds VOC per gallon, less water and exempt compounds)\*







SECOND NUMBER: VOC content limit (grams VOC per liter, less water and exempt compounds)\*

Adhesive Primers

Automotive glass: 5.8 700

\*The VOC content is determined as the weight of VOC per volume of product, less water and exempt compounds, as specified in subsections (bb) and (cc) or as the weight of VOC per volume of product, as specified in subsection (dd).

Table VI. VOC Content Limits for Adhesive or Sealant Products Applied to Particular Substrates, As Applied

NOTE: TABLE ANNOTATED FOR FACILITY

Adhesive or Sealant Products Applied to the Listed Substrate

FIRST NUMBER: VOC content limit (pounds VOC per gallon, less water and exempt compounds)\*

SECOND NUMBER: VOC content limit (grams VOC per liter, less water and exempt compounds)\*

Metal: 0.3 30

\*The VOC content is determined as the weight of VOC per volume of product, less water and exempt compounds, as specified in subsections (bb) and (cc) or as the weight of VOC per volume of product, as specified in subsection (dd).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall maintain records of monthly VOC emissions for Source ID 400 urethane bonding lines. These records shall be maintained on-site for the most recent five-year period and made available to Department representatives upon request.

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).







### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).







Group Name: 001

Group Description: MACT Subpart ZZZZ, EMERGENCY GENERATORS (CI AND/OR SI) AT AREA HAP SOURCES

Sources included in this group

ID Name
200 175HP EMERGENCY ENGINE-GENERATOR, 73HP DIESEL PUMP, CI, 4Z

#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 001 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6585]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

Am I subject to this subpart?

§ 63.6585 Am I subject to this subpart?

You are subject to this subpart if you own or operate a stationary RICE at a major or area source of HAP emissions, except if the stationary RICE is being tested at a stationary RICE test cell/stand.

- (a) A stationary RICE is any internal combustion engine which uses reciprocating motion to convert heat energy into mechanical work and which is not mobile. Stationary RICE differ from mobile RICE in that a stationary RICE is not a non-road engine as defined at 40 CFR 1068.30, and is not used to propel a motor vehicle or a vehicle used solely for competition.
- (b) A major source of HAP emissions is a plant site that emits or has the potential to emit any single HAP at a rate of 10 tons (9.07 megagrams) or more per year or any combination of HAP at a rate of 25 tons (22.68 megagrams) or more per year, except that for oil and gas production facilities, a major source of HAP emissions is determined for each surface site.
- (c) An area source of HAP emissions is a source that is not a major source.
- (d) If you are an owner or operator of an area source subject to this subpart, your status as an entity subject to a standard or



other requirements under this subpart does not subject you to the obligation to obtain a permit under 40 CFR part 70 or 71, provided you are not required to obtain a permit under 40 CFR 70.3(a) or 40 CFR 71.3(a) for a reason other than your status as an area source under this subpart. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, you must continue to comply with the provisions of this subpart as applicable.

- (e) [NA NOT USED FOR NATIONAL SECURITY PURPOSES]
- (f) [NA RICE NOT RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL OR INSTITUTIONAL]

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 73 FR 3603, Jan. 18, 2008; 78 FR 6700, Jan. 30, 2013; 87 FR 48607, Aug. 10, 2022]

§ 63.6590 What parts of my plant does this subpart cover?

This subpart applies to each affected source.

- (a) Affected source. An affected source is any existing, new, or reconstructed stationary RICE located at a major or area source of HAP emissions, excluding stationary RICE being tested at a stationary RICE test cell/stand.
- (1) Existing stationary RICE.
- (i) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (ii) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (iii) For stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, a stationary RICE is existing if you commenced construction or reconstruction of the stationary RICE before June 12, 2006.
- (iv) A change in ownership of an existing stationary RICE does not make that stationary RICE a new or reconstructed stationary RICE.
- (2) New stationary RICE.
- (i) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (ii) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (iii) [NA NOT A NEW SOURCE]
- (3) [NA NOT A RECONSTRUCTED SOURCE]
- (b) Stationary RICE subject to limited requirements. (1) An affected source which meets either of the criteria in paragraphs (b)(1)(i) through (ii) of this section does not have to meet the requirements of this subpart and of subpart A of this part except for the initial notification requirements of § 63.6645(f).
- (i) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (ii) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (2) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE AND DOES NOT COMBUST LFG]
- (3) The following stationary RICE do not have to meet the requirements of this subpart and of subpart A of this part, including initial notification requirements:

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- (i) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (ii) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]



- (iii) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (iv) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (v) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE AND DOES NOT COMBUST LFG]
- (c) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO SUBPARTS IIII OR JJJJ]

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 73 FR 3604, Jan. 18, 2008; 75 FR 9674, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 37733, June 30, 2010; 75 FR 51588, Aug. 20, 2010; 78 FR 6700, Jan. 30, 2013; 87 FR 48607, Aug. 10, 2022]

- § 63.6595 When do I have to comply with this subpart?
- (a) Affected sources. (1) If you have an existing stationary RICE, excluding existing non-emergency CI stationary RICE, with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, you must comply with the applicable emission limitations, operating limitations and other requirements no later than June 15, 2007. IF YOU HAVE an existing non-emergency CI stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, an existing stationary CI RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, or AN EXISTING STATIONARY CI RICE LOCATED AT AN AREA SOURCE OF HAP EMISSIONS, YOU MUST COMPLY WITH THE APPLICABLE EMISSION LIMITATIONS, OPERATING LIMITATIONS, AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS NO LATER THAN MAY 3, 2013.

IF YOU HAVE an existing stationary SI RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of hap emissions, or AN EXISTING STATIONARY SI RICE LOCATED AT AN AREA SOURCE OF HAP EMISSIONS, YOU MUST COMPLY WITH THE APPLICABLE EMISSION LIMITATIONS, OPERATING LIMITATIONS, AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS NO LATER THAN OCTOBER 19, 2013.

- (2) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (3) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (4) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (5) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (6) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]
- (7) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]
- (b) Area sources that become major sources. If you have an area source that increases its emissions or its potential to emit such that it becomes a major source of HAP, the compliance dates in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section apply to you.
- (1) Any stationary RICE for which construction or reconstruction is commenced after the date when your area source becomes a major source of HAP must be in compliance with this subpart upon startup of your affected source.
- (2) Any stationary RICE for which construction or reconstruction is commenced before your area source becomes a major source of HAP must be in compliance with the provisions of this subpart that are applicable to RICE located at major sources within 3 years after your area source becomes a major source of HAP.
- (c) If you own or operate an affected source, you must meet the applicable notification requirements in  $\S$  63.6645 and in 40 CFR part 63, subpart A.

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 73 FR 3604, Jan. 18, 2008; 75 FR 9675, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51589, Aug. 20, 2010; 78 FR 6701, Jan. 30, 2013]

**Emission and Operating Limitations** 



§ 63.6600 What emission limitations and operating limitations must I meet if I own or operate a stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions?

#### [NA - NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

§ 63.6601 What emission limitations must I meet if I own or operate a new or reconstructed 4SLB stationary RICE with a site rating of greater than or equal to 250 brake HP and less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions?

### [NA - NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

§ 63.6602 What emission limitations and other requirements must I meet if I own or operate an existing stationary RICE with a site rating of equal to or less than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions?

#### [NA - NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

§ 63.6603 What emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements must I meet if I own or operate an existing stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions?

Compliance with the numerical emission limitations established in this subpart is based on the results of testing the average of three 1-hour runs using the testing requirements and procedures in § 63.6620 and Table 4 to this subpart.

(a) If you own or operate an existing stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, YOU MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS IN TABLE 2d to this subpart and the operating limitations in Table 2b to this subpart that apply to you.

#### TABLE 2d REQUIREMENTS:

- 4. For each EMERGENCY STATIONARY CI RICE and black start stationary CI RICE\*\*, you must meet the following requirement, except during periods of startup:
- a. Change oil and filter every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first\*;
- b. Inspect air cleaner every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary; and
- c. Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.
- 5. For each EMERGENCY STATIONARY SI RICE; black start stationary SI RICE; non-emergency, non-black start 4SLB stationary RICE >500 HP that operate 24 hours or less per calendar year; non-emergency, non-black start 4SRB stationary RICE >500 HP that operate 24 hours or less per calendar year\*\*, you must meet the following requirement, except during periods of startup:
- a. Change oil and filter every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first\*;
- b. Inspect spark plugs every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary; and
- c. Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.
- \*Sources have the option to utilize an oil analysis program as described in § 63.6625(i) or (j) in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2d of this subpart.
- \*\*If an emergency engine is operating during an emergency and it is not possible to shut down the engine in order to perform the management practice requirements on the schedule required in Table 2d of this subpart, or if performing the management practice on the required schedule would otherwise pose an unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law, the management practice can be delayed until the emergency is over or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. The management practice should be performed as soon as practicable after the emergency has



ended or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. Sources must report any failure to perform the management practice on the schedule required and the federal, state or local law under which the risk was deemed unacceptable.

[END OF TABLE 2d REQUIREMENTS]

- (b) [NA EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]
- (c) [NA EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]
- (d) [NA EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]
- (e) [NA EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]
- (f) [NA EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

[75 FR 9675, Mar. 3, 2010, as amended at 75 FR 51589, Aug. 20, 2010; 76 FR 12866, Mar. 9, 2011; 78 FR 6701, Jan. 30, 2013]

- § 63.6604 What fuel requirements must I meet if I own or operate a stationary CI RICE?
- (a) [NA EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]
- (b) Beginning January 1, 2015, if you own or operate an existing emergency CI stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 100 brake HP and a displacement of less than 30 liters per cylinder that uses diesel fuel and operates for the purpose specified in § 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), you must use diesel fuel that meets the requirements in 40 CFR 1090.305 for nonroad diesel fuel, except that any existing diesel fuel purchased (or otherwise obtained) prior to January 1, 2015, may be used until depleted.
- (c) (Reserved)
- (d) [NA NOT IN SPECIFIED GEOGRAPHIC LOCATIONS]

[78 FR 6702, Jan. 30, 2013, as amended at 85 FR 78463, Dec. 4, 2020; 87 FR 48607, Aug. 10, 2022]

General Compliance Requirements

- § 63.6605 What are my general requirements for complying with this subpart?
- (a) You must be in compliance with the emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements in this subpart that apply to you at all times.
- (b) At all times you must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require you to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by this standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

[75 FR 9675, Mar. 3, 2010, as amended at 78 FR 6702, Jan. 30, 2013]

Testing and Initial Compliance Requirements

§ 63.6610 By what date must I conduct the initial performance tests or other initial compliance demonstrations if I own or operate a stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions?



# \*

# **SECTION E.** Source Group Restrictions.

#### [NA - NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]

§ 63.6611 By what date must I conduct the initial performance tests or other initial compliance demonstrations if I own or operate a new or reconstructed 4SLB SI stationary RICE with a site rating of greater than or equal to 250 and less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions?

[NA - NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]

§ 63.6612 By what date must I conduct the initial performance tests or other initial compliance demonstrations if I own or operate an existing stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions or an existing stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions?

[NA - NO PERFORMANCE TESTING REQUIRED]

§ 63.6615 When must I conduct subsequent performance tests?

[NA - NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

§ 63.6620 What performance tests and other procedures must I use?

[NA - NO PERFORMANCE TESTING REQUIRED]

§ 63.6625 What are my monitoring, installation, collection, operation, and maintenance requirements?

(a) [NA - CEMS NOT REQUIRED]

(b) [NA - CPMS NOT REQUIRED]

(c) [NA – LFG NOT USED]

(d) [NA - NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]

(e) If you own or operate any of the following stationary RICE, you must operate and maintain the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions or develop your own maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions:

(1) [NA – NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]

(2) [NA – NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]

(3) An existing emergency or black start stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions;

(4) [NA – EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

(5) [NA - EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

(6) [NA - EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

(7) [NA - EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

(8) [NA - EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

(9) [NA - EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

(10) [NA – EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]



(f) If you own or operate an existing emergency stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions or an existing emergency stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, you must install a non-resettable hour meter if one is not already installed.

# (g) [NA - EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

- (h) If you operate a new, reconstructed, or existing stationary engine, you must minimize the engine's time spent at idle during startup and minimize the engine's startup time to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes, after which time the emission standards applicable to all times other than startup in Tables 1a, 2a, 2c, and 2d to this subpart apply.
- (i) If you own or operate a stationary CI engine that is subject to the work, operation or management practices in items 1 or 2 of Table 2c to this subpart or in items 1 or 4 of Table 2d to this subpart, you have the option of utilizing an oil analysis program in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Tables 2c and 2d to this subpart. The oil analysis must be performed at the same frequency specified for changing the oil in Table 2c or 2d to this subpart. The analysis program must at a minimum analyze the following three parameters: Total Base Number, viscosity, and percent water content. The condemning limits for these parameters are as follows: Total Base Number is less than 30 percent of the Total Base Number of the oil when new; viscosity of the oil has changed by more than 20 percent from the viscosity of the oil when new; or percent water content (by volume) is greater than 0.5. If all of these condemning limits are not exceeded, the engine owner or operator is not required to change the oil. If any of the limits are exceeded, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days of receiving the results of the analysis; if the engine is not in operation when the results of the analysis are received, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days or before commencing operation, whichever is later. The owner or operator must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the program, the results of the analysis, and the oil changes for the engine. The analysis program must be part of the maintenance plan for the engine.
- (j) If you own or operate a stationary SI engine that is subject to the work, operation or management practices in items 6, 7, or 8 of Table 2c to this subpart or in items 5, 6, 7, 9, or 11 of Table 2d to this subpart, you have the option of utilizing an oil analysis program in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Tables 2c and 2d to this subpart. The oil analysis must be performed at the same frequency specified for changing the oil in Table 2c or 2d to this subpart. The analysis program must at a minimum analyze the following three parameters: Total Acid Number, viscosity, and percent water content. The condemning limits for these parameters are as follows: Total Acid Number increases by more than 3.0 milligrams of potassium hydroxide (KOH) per gram from Total Acid Number of the oil when new; viscosity of the oil has changed by more than 20 percent from the viscosity of the oil when new; or percent water content (by volume) is greater than 0.5. If all of these condemning limits are not exceeded, the engine owner or operator is not required to change the oil. If any of the limits are exceeded, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days of receiving the results of the analysis; if the engine is not in operation when the results of the analysis are received, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days or before commencing operation, whichever is later. The owner or operator must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the program, the results of the engine.

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 73 FR 3606, Jan. 18, 2008; 75 FR 9676, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51589, Aug. 20, 2010; 76 FR 12866, Mar. 9, 2011; 78 FR 6703, Jan. 30, 2013]

§ 63.6630 How do I demonstrate initial compliance with the emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements?

- (a) You must demonstrate initial compliance with each emission limitation, operating limitation, and other requirement that applies to you according to Table 5 of this subpart. [NA NONE OF THE CATEGORIES IN TABLE 5 APPLY TO EMERGENCY ENGINES]
- (b) [NA PERFORMANCE TESTING NOT REQUIRED]
- (c) [NA NOCS NOT REQUIRED FOR EXISTING EMERGENCY RICE]
- (d) [NA EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

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(e) [NA - EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 78 FR 6704, Jan. 30, 2013]

Continuous Compliance Requirements

§ 63.6635 How do I monitor and collect data to demonstrate continuous compliance?

[NA - NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]

§ 63.6640 How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements?

(a) You must demonstrate continuous compliance with each emission limitation, operating limitation, and other requirements in Tables 1a and 1b, Tables 2a and 2b, Table 2c, and Table 2d to this subpart that apply to you according to methods specified in Table 6 to this subpart.

#### **TABLE 6 REQUIREMENTS**

- 9. FOR EACH existing emergency and black start stationary RICE <=500 HP located at a major source of HAP, existing non-emergency stationary RICE <100 HP located at a major source of HAP, EXISTING EMERGENCY and black start STATIONARY RICE LOCATED AT AN AREA SOURCE OF HAP, existing non-emergency stationary CI RICE =300 HP located at an area source of HAP, existing non-emergency 2SLB stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP, existing non-emergency stationary SI RICE located at an area source of HAP which combusts landfill or digester gas equivalent to 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on an annual basis, existing non-emergency 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE <=500 HP located at an area source of HAP, existing non-emergency 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE >500 HP located at an area source of HAP that operate 24 hours or less per calendar year, and existing non-emergency 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE >500 HP located at an area source of HAP that are remote stationary RICE, complying with the requirement to "Work or Management practices", you must demonstrate continuous compliance by:
- $i.\ Operating\ and\ maintaining\ the\ stationary\ RICE\ according\ to\ the\ manufacturer's\ emission-related\ operation\ and\ maintenance\ instructions;$  or
- ii. Develop and follow your own maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions.

[END OF TABLE 6 REQUIREMENTS]

- (b) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]
- (c) [NA ANNUAL COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATION NOT REQUIRED]
- (d) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]
- (e) You must also report each instance in which you did not meet the requirements in Table 8 to this subpart that apply to you. If you own or operate a new or reconstructed stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions (except new or reconstructed 4SLB engines greater than or equal to 250 and less than or equal to 500 brake HP), a new or reconstructed stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, or any of the following RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, you do not need to comply with the requirements in Table 8 to this subpart: An existing 2SLB stationary RICE, an existing 4SLB stationary RICE, an existing emergency stationary RICE, an existing limited use stationary RICE, or an existing stationary RICE which fires landfill gas or digester gas equivalent to 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on an annual basis. If you own or operate any of the following RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, you do not need to comply with the requirements in Table 8 to this subpart, except for the initial notification requirements: a new or reconstructed stationary RICE that combusts landfill gas or digester gas equivalent to 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on an annual basis, a new or reconstructed emergency stationary RICE, or a new or



reconstructed limited use stationary RICE. [EXISTING EMERGENCY RICE AT AREA HAP SOURCES ARE NOT AMONG THOSE EXEMPTED FROM THIS SECTION]

- (f) If you own or operate an emergency stationary RICE, you must operate the emergency stationary RICE according to the requirements in paragraphs (f)(1) through (4) of this section. In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary RICE under this subpart, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs (f)(1) through (4), is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs (f)(1) through (4), the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.
- (1) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary RICE in emergency situations.
- (2) You may operate your emergency stationary RICE for the purpose specified in paragraph (f)(2)(i) of this section for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraphs (f)(3) and (4) of this section counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph (f)(2).
- (i) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency RICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
- (ii)-(iii) [Reserved]
- (3) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (4) Emergency stationary RICE located at area sources of HAP may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing provided in paragraph (f)(2) of this section. Except as provided in paragraphs (f)(4)(i) and (ii) of this section, the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.
- (i) Prior to May 3, 2014, the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations can be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response to generate income for a facility, or to otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity if the engine is operated as part of a peak shaving (load management program) with the local distribution system operator and the power is provided only to the facility itself or to support the local distribution system.
- (ii) The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations can be used to supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity if all of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The engine is dispatched by the local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator.
- (B) The dispatch is intended to mitigate local transmission and/or distribution limitations so as to avert potential voltage collapse or line overloads that could lead to the interruption of power supply in a local area or region.
- (C) The dispatch follows reliability, emergency operation or similar protocols that follow specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines.
- (D) The power is provided only to the facility itself or to support the local transmission and distribution system.
- (E) The owner or operator identifies and records the entity that dispatches the engine and the specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines that are being followed for dispatching the engine. The local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator may keep these records on behalf of the engine owner or operator.



[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 71 FR 20467, Apr. 20, 2006; 73 FR 3606, Jan. 18, 2008; 75 FR 9676, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51591, Aug. 20, 2010; 78 FR 6704, Jan. 30, 2013; 87 FR 48607, Aug. 10, 2022]

Notifications, Reports, and Records

- § 63.6645 What notifications must I submit and when?
- (a) You must submit all of the notifications in §§ 63.7(b) and (c), 63.8(e), (f)(4) and (f)(6), 63.9(b) through (e), and (g) and (h) that apply to you by the dates specified if you own or operate any of the following;
- (1) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (2) [NA PER (5) BELOW]
- (3) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (4) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (5) THIS REQUIREMENT DOES NOT APPLY IF YOU OWN OR OPERATE an existing stationary RICE less than 100 HP, AN EXISTING STATIONARY EMERGENCY RICE, OR AN EXISTING STATIONARY RICE THAT IS NOT SUBJECT TO ANY NUMERICAL EMISSION STANDARDS.
- (b) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (c) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (d) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (e) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (f) [NA 63.6590(b) DOES NOT APPLY]
- (g) [NA PERFORMANCE TEST NOT REQUIRED]
- (h) [NA PERFORMANCE TEST NOT REQUIRED]
- (i) [NA EMERGENCY ENGINE(S)]

[73 FR 3606, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 75 FR 9677, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51591, Aug. 20, 2010; 78 FR 6705, Jan. 30, 2013; 85 FR 73912, Nov. 19, 2020]

- § 63.6650 What reports must I submit and when?
- (a) You must submit each report in Table 7 of this subpart that applies to you.

# TABLE 7 REQUIREMENTS

4. For each emergency stationary RICE that operate for the purposes specified in § 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), you must submit a Report. The report must contain the information in § 63.6650(h)(1). You must submit the report annually according to the requirements in § 63.6650(h)(2)-(3).

# END OF TABLE 7 REQUIREMENTS

(b) Unless the Administrator has approved a different schedule for submission of reports under § 63.10(a), you must submit each report by the date in Table 7 of this subpart and according to the requirements in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(9) of this section.





- (1) [NA ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED, ONLY UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS]
- (2) [NA ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED, ONLY UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS]
- (3) [NA ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED, ONLY UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS]
- (4) [NA ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED, ONLY UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS]
- (5) [NA ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED, ONLY UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS]
- (6) For annual Compliance reports, the first Compliance report must cover the period beginning on the compliance date that is specified for your affected source in § 63.6595 and ending on December 31.
- (7) For annual Compliance reports, the first Compliance report must be postmarked or delivered no later than January 31 following the end of the first calendar year after the compliance date that is specified for your affected source in § 63.6595.
- (8) For annual Compliance reports, each subsequent Compliance report must cover the annual reporting period from January 1 through December 31.
- (9) For annual Compliance reports, each subsequent Compliance report must be postmarked or delivered no later than January 31.
- (c) [NA "COMPLIANCE REPORT" NOT REQUIRED]
- (d) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]
- (e) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]
- (f) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO TITLE V PERMITTING]
- (g) [NA LFG NOT USED]
- (h) If you own or operate an emergency stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 100 brake HP that operates for the purpose specified in § 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), you must submit an annual report according to the requirements in paragraphs (h)(1) through (3) of this section.
- (1) The report must contain the following information:
- (i) Company name and address where the engine is located.
- (ii) Date of the report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period.
- (iii) Engine site rating and model year.
- (iv) Latitude and longitude of the engine in decimal degrees reported to the fifth decimal place.
- (v)-(vi) {Reserved]
- (vii) Hours spent for operation for the purpose specified in  $\S$  63.6640(f)(4)(ii), including the date, start time, and end time for engine operation for the purposes specified in  $\S$  63.6640(f)(4)(ii). The report must also identify the entity that dispatched the engine and the situation that necessitated the dispatch of the engine.
- (viii) If there were no deviations from the fuel requirements in § 63.6604 that apply to the engine (if any), a statement that there were no deviations from the fuel requirements during the reporting period.
- (ix) If there were deviations from the fuel requirements in § 63.6604 that apply to the engine (if any), information on the number, duration, and cause of deviations, and the corrective action taken.



- (2) The first annual report must cover the calendar year 2015 and must be submitted no later than March 31, 2016. Subsequent annual reports for each calendar year must be submitted no later than March 31 of the following calendar year.
- (3) The annual report must be submitted electronically using the subpart specific reporting form in the Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface (CEDRI) that is accessed through EPA's Central Data Exchange (CDX) ( www.epa.gov/cdx). However, if the reporting form specific to this subpart is not available in CEDRI at the time that the report is due, the written report must be submitted to the Administrator at the appropriate address listed in § 63.13.

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 75 FR 9677, Mar. 3, 2010; 78 FR 6705, Jan. 30, 2013; 87 FR 48607, Aug. 10, 2022]

- § 63.6655 What records must I keep?
- (a) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]
- (b) [NA NO CEMS OR CPMS]
- (c) [NA LFG NOT USED]
- (d) [NA NOT SUBJECT TO EMISSION OR OPERATING LIMITATIONS]
- (e) You must keep records of the maintenance conducted on the stationary RICE in order to demonstrate that you operated and maintained the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to your own maintenance plan if you own or operate any of the following stationary RICE;
- (1) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (2) An existing stationary emergency RICE.
- (3) An existing stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions subject to management practices as shown in Table 2d to this subpart.
- (f) If you own or operate any of the stationary RICE in paragraphs (f)(1) through (2) of this section, you must keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The owner or operator must document how many hours are spent for emergency operation, including what classified the operation as emergency and how many hours are spent for non-emergency operation. If the engine is used for the purpose specified in § 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), the owner or operator must keep records of the notification of the emergency situation, and the date, start time, and end time of engine operation for these purposes.
- (1) [NA NOT A MAJOR HAP SOURCE]
- (2) An existing emergency stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions that does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.
- [69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 75 FR 9678, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51592, Aug. 20, 2010; 78 FR 6706, Jan. 30, 2013; 87 FR 48607, Aug. 10, 2022]
- § 63.6660 In what form and how long must I keep my records?
- (a) Your records must be in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review according to § 63.10(b)(1).
- (b) As specified in § 63.10(b)(1), you must keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record.
- (c) You must keep each record readily accessible in hard copy or electronic form for at least 5 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to § 63.10(b)(1).



[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 75 FR 9678, Mar. 3, 2010]

Other Requirements and Information

§ 63.6665 What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?

Table 8 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions in §§ 63.1 through 63.15 apply to you. If you own or operate a new or reconstructed stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions (except new or reconstructed 4SLB engines greater than or equal to 250 and less than or equal to 500 brake HP), a new or reconstructed stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, or any of the following RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, you do not need to comply with any of the requirements of the General Provisions specified in Table 8: An existing 2SLB stationary RICE, an existing 4SLB stationary RICE, an existing stationary RICE that combusts landfill or digester gas equivalent to 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on an annual basis, an existing emergency stationary RICE, or an existing limited use stationary RICE. If you own or operate any of the following RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, you do not need to comply with the requirements in the General Provisions specified in Table 8 except for the initial notification requirements: A new stationary RICE that combusts landfill gas or digester gas equivalent to 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on an annual basis, a new emergency stationary RICE, or a new limited use stationary RICE. [EXISTING EMERGENCY RICE AT AREA HAP SOURCES ARE NOT AMONG THOSE EXEMPTED FROM THIS SECTION]

[75 FR 9678, Mar. 3, 2010]

§ 63.6675 What definitions apply to this subpart? [INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE]

# Regulatory Changes:

Individual sources within this source group that are subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ -National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Subpart. 40 CFR 63.13(a) requires submission of copies of all requests, reports and other communications to both the Department and the EPA The EPA copies shall be forwarded to:

US EPA Region III, Air and Radiation Division Permits Branch (3AD10) Four Penn Center 1600 John F. Kennedy Boulevard Philadelphia, PA 19103-2852

The Department copies shall be forwarded to wiweaver@pa.gov, unless otherwise specified in writing by DEP.

In the event that the Federal Subpart that is the subject of this Source Group is revised, the permittee shall comply with the revised version of the subpart, and shall not be required to comply with any provisions in this permit designated as having the subpart as their authority, to the extent that such permit provisions would be inconsistent with the applicable provisions of the revised subpart.







Group Name: 002

Group Description: NSPS Subpart JJJJ

Sources included in this group

Name

201 EMERGENCY GENERATOR, CUMMINS, 100 KW (153 HP), SI, 4J, 2022

#### RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

[40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4230] Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines Am I subject to this subpart?

- § 60.4230 Am I subject to this subpart?
- (a) The provisions of this subpart are applicable to manufacturers, owners, and operators of stationary spark ignition (SI) internal combustion engines (ICE) as specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (6) of this section. For the purposes of this subpart, the date that construction commences is the date the engine is ordered by the owner or operator.
- (1) Manufacturers of stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power less than or equal to 19 kilowatt (KW) (25 horsepower (HP)) that are manufactured on or after July 1, 2008.
- (2) [NA NOT UNITS DO NO NOT USE GASOLINE OR RICH BURN LPG]
- (3) [NA NOT AN ENGINE MANUFACTURER]
- (4) Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE that commence construction after June 12, 2006, where the stationary SI ICE are manufactured:
- (i) [NA UNIT(S) < 500 HP]

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#### SECTION E. **Source Group Restrictions.**

- (ii) [NA UNIT(S) < 500 HP]
- (iii) on or after July 1, 2008, for engines with a maximum engine power less than 500 HP; or
- (iv) on or after January 1, 2009, for emergency engines with a maximum engine power greater than 19 KW (25 HP).
- (5) [NA UNIT(S) NOT MODIFIED OR RECONSTRUCTED]
- (6) The provisions of § 60.4236 of this subpart are applicable to all owners and operators of stationary SI ICE that commence construction after June 12, 2006.
- (b) [NA ENGINE TEST CELL NOT RELEVANT HERE]
- (c) If you are an owner or operator of an area source subject to this subpart, you are exempt from the obligation to obtain a permit under 40 CFR part 70 or 40 CFR part 71, provided you are not required to obtain a permit under 40 CFR 70.3(a) or 40 CFR 71.3(a) for a reason other than your status as an area source under this subpart. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, you must continue to comply with the provisions of this subpart as applicable.
- (d) [NA UNIT(S) DO NOT USE ALCOHOL-BASED FUELS]
- (e) [NA NO NATIONAL SECURITY EXEMPTION]
- (f) [NA NOT TEMPORARY REPLACEMENT UNITS]

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 37972, June 28, 2011; 86 FR 34360, June 29, 2021]

Emission Standards for Owners and Operators

- § 60.4233 What emission standards must I meet if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?
- (a) Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power less than or equal to 19 KW (25 HP) manufactured on or after July 1, 2008, must comply with the emission standards in § 60.4231(a) for their stationary SI ICE.
- (b) [NA UNIT(S) DO NOT BURN GASOLINE]
- (c) [NA UNIT(S) ARE NOT RICH BURN LPG]
- (d) Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than 19 KW (25 HP) and less than 75 KW (100 HP) (except gasoline and rich burn engines that use LPG) must comply with the emission standards for field testing in 40 CFR 1048.101(c) for their non-emergency stationary SI ICE and with the emission standards in Table 1 to this subpart for their emergency stationary SI ICE. Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than 19 KW (25 HP) and less than 75 KW (100 HP) manufactured prior to January 1, 2011, that were certified to the standards in Table 1 to this subpart applicable to engines with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 500 HP, may optionally choose to meet those standards.
- (e) Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 75 KW (100 HP) (except gasoline and rich burn engines that use LPG) must comply with the emission standards in Table 1 to this subpart for their stationary SI ICE. For owners and operators of stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 100 HP (except gasoline and rich burn engines that use LPG) manufactured prior to January 1, 2011 that were certified to the certification emission standards in 40 CFR part 1048 applicable to engines that are not severe duty engines, if such stationary SIICE was certified to a carbon monoxide (CO) standard above the standard in Table 1 to this subpart, then the owners and operators may meet the CO certification (not field testing) standard for which the engine was certified.
- (f) [NA UNIT(S) NOT MODIFIED OR RECONSTRUCTED]
- (g) [NA STATIONARY WELLHEAD GAS NOT USED]

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(h) [NA - EMERGENCY ENGINES NOT REQUIRED TO MEET 40 CFR 1048.101]

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 37973, June 28, 2011]

§ 60.4234 How long must I meet the emission standards if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE must operate and maintain stationary SI ICE that achieve the emission standards as required in § 60.4233 over the entire life of the engine.

Other Requirements for Owners and Operators

§ 60.4235 What fuel requirements must I meet if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI gasoline fired internal combustion engine subject to this subpart?

[NA - UNIT(S) DO NOT USE GASOLINE]

- § 60.4236 What is the deadline for importing or installing stationary SI ICE produced in previous model years?
- (a) After July 1, 2010, owners and operators may not install stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power of less than 500 HP that do not meet the applicable requirements in § 60.4233.
- (b) [NA UNIT(S) < 500 HP]
- (c) For emergency stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power of greater than 19 KW (25 HP), owners and operators may not install engines that do not meet the applicable requirements in § 60.4233 after January 1, 2011.
- (d) [NA IMPORTATION NOT RELEVANT IN THIS CASE]
- (e) The requirements of this section do not apply to owners and operators of stationary SI ICE that have been modified or reconstructed, and they do not apply to engines that were removed from one existing location and reinstalled at a new location.
- § 60.4237 What are the monitoring requirements if I am an owner or operator of an emergency stationary SI internal combustion engine?
- (a) [NA UNIT(S) < 500 HP]
- (b) Starting on January 1, 2011, if the emergency stationary SI internal combustion engine that is greater than or equal to 130 HP and less than 500 HP that was built on or after January 1, 2011, does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines, the owner or operator must install a non-resettable hour meter.
- (c) If you are an owner or operator of an emergency stationary SI internal combustion engine that is less than 130 HP, was built on or after July 1, 2008, and does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines, you must install a non-resettable hour meter upon startup of your emergency engine.

Compliance Requirements for Owners and Operators

- § 60.4243 What are my compliance requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?
- (a) [NA UNIT(S) NOT SUBJECT TO § 60.4233(a) through (c); NEVERTHELESS, THIS SECTION IS REFERENCED FROM (b)]

If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine that is manufactured after July 1, 2008, and must comply with the emission standards specified in § 60.4233(a) through (c), you must comply by purchasing an engine certified to the emission standards in § 60.4231(a) through (c), as applicable, for the same engine class and maximum



engine power. In addition, you must meet one of the requirements specified in (a)(1) and (2) of this section.

- (1) If you operate and maintain the certified stationary SI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, you must keep records of conducted maintenance to demonstrate compliance, but no performance testing is required if you are an owner or operator. You must also meet the requirements as specified in 40 CFR part 1068, subparts A through D, as they apply to you. If you adjust engine settings according to and consistent with the manufacturer's instructions, your stationary SI internal combustion engine will not be considered out of compliance.
- (2) If you do not operate and maintain the certified stationary SI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, your engine will be considered a non-certified engine, and you must demonstrate compliance according to (a)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section, as appropriate.
- (i) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine less than 100 HP, you must keep a maintenance plan and records of conducted maintenance to demonstrate compliance and must, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions, but no performance testing is required if you are an owner or operator.
- (ii) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP, you must keep a maintenance plan and records of conducted maintenance and must, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. In addition, you must conduct an initial performance test within 1 year of engine startup to demonstrate compliance.
- (iii) [NA UNIT(S) <500 HP]
- (b) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine and must comply with the emission standards specified in § 60.4233(d) or (e), you must demonstrate compliance according to one of the methods specified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section.
- (1) Purchasing an engine certified according to procedures specified in this subpart, for the same model year and demonstrating compliance according to one of the methods specified in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (2) [NA UNIT(S) ARE CERTIFIED]
- (c) [NA UNIT(S) NOT MODIFIED OR RECONSTRUCTED]
- (d) If you own or operate an emergency stationary ICE, you must operate the emergency stationary ICE according to the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section. In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary ICE under this subpart, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3), is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3), the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.
- (1) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary ICE in emergency situations.
- (2) You may operate your emergency stationary ICE for the purpose specified in paragraph (d)(2)(i) of this section for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraph (d)(3) of this section counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph (d)(2).
- (i) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency ICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.



- (ii)-(iii) [Reserved]
- (3) [NA NOT USED TO SUPPLY POWER AS PART OF A FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENT]
- (e) Owners and operators of stationary SI natural gas fired engines may operate their engines using propane for a maximum of 100 hours per year as an alternative fuel solely during emergency operations, but must keep records of such use. If propane is used for more than 100 hours per year in an engine that is not certified to the emission standards when using propane, the owners and operators are required to conduct a performance test to demonstrate compliance with the emission standards of § 60.4233.
- (f) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine that is less than or equal to 500 HP and you purchase a non-certified engine or you do not operate and maintain your certified stationary SI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's written emission-related instructions, you are required to perform initial performance testing as indicated in this section, but you are not required to conduct subsequent performance testing unless the stationary engine undergoes rebuild, major repair or maintenance. Engine rebuilding means to overhaul an engine or to otherwise perform extensive service on the engine (or on a portion of the engine or engine system). For the purpose of this paragraph (f), perform extensive service means to disassemble the engine (or portion of the engine or engine system), inspect and/or replace many of the parts, and reassemble the engine (or portion of the engine or engine system) in such a manner that significantly increases the service life of the resultant engine.
- (g) [NA CATALYSTS NOT USED]
- (h) [NA- UNIT(S) <500 HP]
- (i) [NA UNIT(S) NOT MODIFIED OR RECONSTRUCTED]

 $[73\ FR\ 3591, Jan.\ 18, 2008, as\ amended\ at\ 76\ FR\ 37974, June\ 28, 2011; 78\ FR\ 6697, Jan.\ 30, 2013; 86\ FR\ 34362, June\ 29, 2021; 87\ FR\ 48606, Aug.\ 10, 2022]$ 

Testing Requirements for Owners and Operators

 $\S$  60.4244 What test methods and other procedures must I use if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

[NA - TESTING NOT REQUIRED FOR CERTIFIED UNITS WHICH ARE NOT ALTERED PER 60.4243(f)]

Notification, Reports, and Records for Owners and Operators

§ 60.4245 What are my notification, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

Owners or operators of stationary SI ICE must meet the following notification, reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

- (a) Owners and operators of all stationary SI ICE must keep records of the information in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section.
- (1) All notifications submitted to comply with this subpart and all documentation supporting any notification.
- (2) Maintenance conducted on the engine.
- (3) If the stationary SI internal combustion engine is a certified engine, documentation from the manufacturer that the engine is certified to meet the emission standards and information as required in 40 CFR parts 1048, 1054, and 1060, as applicable.
- (4) If the stationary SI internal combustion engine is not a certified engine or is a certified engine operating in a non-certified manner and subject to § 60.4243(a)(2), documentation that the engine meets the emission standards.



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- (b) For all stationary SI emergency ICE greater than or equal to 500 HP manufactured on or after July 1, 2010, that do not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines, the owner or operator of must keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. For all stationary SI emergency ICE greater than or equal to 130 HP and less than 500 HP manufactured on or after July 1, 2011 that do not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines, the owner or operator of must keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. For all stationary SI emergency ICE greater than 25 HP and less than 130 HP manufactured on or after July 1, 2008, that do not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines. the owner or operator of must keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the nonresettable hour meter. The owner or operator must document how many hours are spent for emergency operation, including what classified the operation as emergency and how many hours are spent for non-emergency operation.
- (c) [NA UNIT(S) <500 HP]
- (d) [NA TESTING NOT REQUIRED FOR CERTIFIED UNITS WHICH ARE NOT ALTERED PER 60.4243(f)]
- (e) [NA NOT OPERATED FOR DEMAND RESPONSE OR VOLTAGE DEVIATION, OR TO SUPPLY POWER AS PART OF A FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENT]

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 73 FR 59177, Oct. 8, 2008; 78 FR 6697, Jan. 30, 2013; 81 FR 59809, Aug. 30, 2016; 86 FR 34362, June 29, 2021; 87 FR 48606, Aug. 10, 2022]

General Provisions

§ 60.4246 What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?

Table 3 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions in §§ 60.1 through 60.19 apply to you.

§ 60.4248 What definitions apply to this subpart? [INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE]

Regulatory Changes

Individual sources within this source group that are subject to 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart JJJJ shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Subpart. 40 CFR Part 60.4 requires submission of copies of all requests, reports and other communications to both the Department and the EPA. The EPA copies shall be forwarded to:

United States Environmental Protection Agency Region III, Enforcement & Compliance Assurance Division Air, RCRA and Toxics Branch (3ED21) Four Penn Center 1600 John F. Kennedy Boulevard Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103-2852

The Department copies shall be forwarded to William Weaver, SC Air Program Manager, at wiweaver@pa.gov, unless otherwise specified by DEP.

In the event that the Federal Subpart that is the subject of this Source Group is revised, the permittee shall comply with the revised version of the subpart, and shall not be required to comply with any provisions in this permit designated as having the subpart as their authority, to the extent that such permit provisions would be inconsistent with the applicable provisions of the revised subpart.

DEP Auth ID: 1420276 DEP PF ID:



# **SECTION F.** Alternative Operation Requirements.

No Alternative Operations exist for this State Only facility.

DEP Auth ID: 1420276 DEI



# **SECTION G.** Emission Restriction Summary.

No emission restrictions listed in this section of the permit.

DEP Auth ID: 1420276 DEP PF ID:





### SECTION H. Miscellaneous.

#001. Source ID 100, SST - "Screen Printing, Bending, and Tempering" includes the following equipment:

Line #1 Hot End Furnace

Line #1 Quench Enclosure

Line #1 SSR

Line #11 BGK Dryer

Line #11 SSR

Line #11 SSR Ink Booth

Line #3 Hot End Dog House

Line #3 Hot End Run-In Hood

Line #3 SSR A

#002. The following sources and activities are not subject to any specific emission limitations, restrictions, work practice standards, testing, monitoring, recordkeeping or reporting requirements:

- 1. Roof louvers and Roof Exhausts in the Screen Printing, Bending and Tempering Source Group
- 2. Minor Natural Gas Burning Equipment
- 3. Soldering
- 4. Cold End (Cutting and Edging) Sources
- 5. Drying Loop Exhaust
- 6. SO2 Exhaust in the event of a gas leak or accidental release only
- 7. Ruwac vacuum and Cyclone air/dust Separator (Autoclave)
- 8. Door Assembly Line (2017): By RFD #1711 approved on 9/14/17, also by cover letter dated 9/18/17
- 9. Window Assembly Line: By eRFD #9269 approved on 7/7/21
- 10. Two natural gas fired boilers, each less than 10 mmbtu/hr and exempt in accordance with 25 Pa. Code Section 127.14(a)(3), as follows:
  - (i) Burnham boiler, rated at 3.348 mmbtu/hr, and
  - (ii) Kewanee boiler, rated at 3.348 mmbtu/hr
- #003. (a) This operating permit is renewal of and revision to Natural Minor Operating Permit issued on 6/20/18 and supersedes that permit.
- (b) This permit incorporates the requirements from Plan Approval No. 07-03002A.
- (c) For information: The Plan Approval No. 07-03002B for Door Assembly Line was withdrawn.

#004. Source ID 201: Emergency Generator, Cummins, 100 KW, 2022, SI RICE. It was installed as per eRFD #9274 approved on 3/21/22.





\*\*\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*\*\*